

# short story with It blends Tutorial

**short story with It blends** is an engaging way to enhance language skills while enjoying captivating narratives. Incorporating words with "It" blends not only enriches vocabulary but also offers learners an opportunity to practice pronunciation, spelling, and comprehension in a fun context. In this article, we will explore the concept of short stories featuring "It" blends, provide examples, and share tips on how to craft your own stories that incorporate these sounds effectively.

## Understanding "It" Blends in English

### What Are "It" Blends?

"It" blends are consonant combinations where the letter "l" is followed by the letter "t." These blends appear frequently in English words and are crucial for developing accurate pronunciation and spelling skills.

Common "It" blends include:

- alt (altitude, altitude)
- ilt (billet, fillet)
- olt (volt, voltmeter)
- ult (result, consult)
- ilt (stilts, filth)
- ult (exult, tumult)

Note: While some "It" blends are common at the beginning or middle of words, many appear at the end, especially in nouns and verbs.

### Importance of "It" Blends in Language Learning

Integrating "It" blends into stories helps learners:

- Recognize common word patterns
- Improve pronunciation accuracy
- Enhance spelling skills
- Build vocabulary confidence

# Creating Short Stories with "It" Blends

## Why Use Short Stories?

Short stories serve as excellent tools for contextual learning. They make abstract language rules concrete by embedding "It" blends within engaging narratives. This approach:

- Encourages active reading
- Reinforces vocabulary in context
- Stimulates imagination and interest

## Tips for Crafting "It" Blend Stories

- Focus on familiar settings and relatable characters
- Use a variety of "It" words to diversify vocabulary
- Incorporate dialogues, descriptions, and actions
- Keep the story concise but meaningful
- Highlight "It" words through repetition or emphasis

## Example Short Story with "It" Blends

### Title: The Hidden Vault

Once upon a time, in a quiet village, there was an old castle with a secret vault. Liam, a curious boy, loved exploring old places. One sunny afternoon, he decided to visit the castle to see if he could find the vault.

As Liam approached the castle, he noticed a faint trail leading to a small door at the back. He carefully pushed it open and entered a dimly lit hall. In the corner, he spotted a faint glow coming from a dusty chest.

Liam gently lifted the lid, revealing a collection of old artifacts and a mysterious key. As he examined the items, he realized that one of the artifacts was a small volt meter, used long ago to measure electrical charges.

Suddenly, he heard a faint rustling sound. Liam stepped back cautiously, clutching the key tightly. He remembered that the vault might be hidden behind a secret panel.

Using the key, he unlocked a small panel near the wall, revealing a hidden passage. Liam stepped

inside and found himself in a vault filled with treasures and old maps. Among the items, he found a letter detailing the castle's history and a silver fillet, a symbol of the castle's past.

Liam felt a surge of excitement and knew he had uncovered a significant part of history. He carefully closed the vault and vowed to share his adventure with his friends.

## Analyzing the Story: Key "It" Words and Their Roles

This story contains several words with "It" blends, such as:

- vault
- cult (implied through artifacts)
- bolt (implied via the vault's security)
- little (implied in descriptions)
- lifted
- glow
- rustling
- bolt (as in bolt of cloth or bolt of metal)

Using these words within a narrative context helps reinforce their pronunciation and meaning.

## Benefits of Using "It" Blends in Short Stories

Incorporating "It" blends into stories offers multiple advantages:

- Enhanced Vocabulary: Learners encounter and memorize new words naturally.
- Improved Pronunciation: Repetition in context aids in mastering sounds.
- Better Spelling Skills: Recognizing common patterns improves spelling accuracy.
- Increased Engagement: Stories are more engaging than isolated word lists.

## How to Develop Your Own "It" Blend Short Stories

### Step-by-Step Guide

- Identify "It" Words: Make a list of common words with "It" blends.
- Choose a Theme or Setting: Decide on an engaging scenario?adventure, mystery, daily life.
- Create Characters and Plot: Develop characters that can naturally include "It" words.
- Incorporate "It" Words: Use these words strategically within descriptions, dialogues, and actions.

- Review and Edit: Ensure clarity, correct spelling, and smooth flow.

## Sample "It" Word List for Storytelling

- altitude
- billet
- fillet
- volt
- result
- consult
- cult
- bolt
- little
- halt

## Additional Resources for Learning "It" Blends

- Flashcards: Create flashcards with "It" words and their definitions.
- Reading Exercises: Find or write stories emphasizing "It" words.
- Pronunciation Practice: Use online tools or recordings to practice "It" sounds.
- Word Games: Engage in puzzles or games that focus on "It" blends.

## Conclusion

Integrating "It" blends into short stories is a powerful method to boost vocabulary, pronunciation, and comprehension skills. Whether you're a teacher, student, or language enthusiast, crafting or reading stories with these blends makes learning both effective and enjoyable. Start creating your own "short story with It blends" today and immerse yourself in a world of engaging language practice that combines imagination with essential linguistic patterns.

Remember: The key to mastering "It" blends is consistent practice and exposure. Use stories as a fun and educational tool to reinforce your skills and discover new words in context. Happy storytelling!

Short story with It blends: A Deep Dive into Crafting Engaging Narratives with Consonant Clusters

Crafting a compelling short story often involves more than just an interesting plot or well-developed characters; it also requires an understanding of language nuances that can enhance the reader's experience. One such linguistic feature is the use of short story with It blends, a stylistic choice that

can add rhythm, emphasis, and aesthetic appeal to your narrative. In this guide, we'll explore what short story with lt blends are, how to incorporate them effectively, and why they matter in storytelling.

## Understanding Short Story with Lt Blends

### What Are Lt Blends?

Lt blends refer to consonant clusters that begin with the letter 'l' followed immediately by another consonant, such as 'lt', 'lp', 'lm', and so on. Specifically, in the context of short stories, lt blends often appear within words or as part of the phonetic structure of the narrative to create particular effects.

Some common lt blends include:

- lt (e.g., "salt," "halt," "melt")
- lp (e.g., "help," "clip," "pulp")
- lm (e.g., "palm," "calm," "calmer")
- lt in the middle or end of words

In storytelling, these blends can be used intentionally for their phonetic qualities or as a stylistic device.

### The Significance of Using Short Stories with Lt Blends

Using lt blends in a short story can serve several purposes:

- Rhythmic Effect: The repetition of certain consonant sounds can create a musical or poetic rhythm, making the story more engaging.
- Emphasis and Mood: Words containing lt blends often evoke specific images or sensations?think of "melt," "salt," or "halt." These can reinforce themes or mood.
- Linguistic Playfulness: Incorporating blends adds a layer of wordplay, making the narrative more memorable and lively.
- Phonetic Consistency: For children's stories or poetry, consistent sound patterns help with phonemic awareness and enjoyment.

### How to Incorporate Lt Blends into a Short Story

Creating a story that effectively uses lt blends involves a strategic approach. Here's a step-by-step guide:

## 1. Identify Your Narrative Theme

Before digging into language specifics, clarify the core message or theme of your story. Whether it's adventure, mystery, humor, or moral lessons, your theme will guide how you use It blends.

## 2. Select Appropriate Words with It Blends

Make a list of words containing It blends that resonate with your theme. For example:

- For a story about nature: "calm," "melt," "salt," "halt"
- For a suspense story: "ultimatum," "salt," "melt," "halt"
- For a humorous tale: "plump," "slump," "help," "pulp"

Use these words to craft sentences that fit naturally into your narrative.

## 3. Create Rhythm and Flow

Use the repetitive sounds of It blends to establish rhythm. For example, repeating the sound in various words can create a poetic cadence:

"The sun began to melt the snow, and the salt shimmered on the ground. Suddenly, a halt in the hustle?the quiet was a balm to the soul."

This technique not only emphasizes key moments but also enhances the storytelling flow.

## 4. Use It Blends for Emphasis and Imagery

Words with It blends often evoke specific imagery or sensations. Incorporate them to paint vivid scenes or underline emotional beats:

- "He felt a cold salt spray on his face as the tide began to melt the ice."
- "The villagers had to halt their work as the storm approached."

Such usage makes scenes more visceral and memorable.

## 5. Play with Word Placement and Sound

Experiment with placing It blend words at the beginning, middle, or end of sentences for varied effects. For example:

- Beginning: "Salt in the air signaled the arrival of the storm."
- Middle: "He tried to help, but the situation was too complex to melt away."
- End: "She whispered softly, the words lost in the cold night's halt."

This variation can keep readers engaged through rhythmic diversity.

## Examples of Short Story Elements Using It Blends

To better understand, here are some sample sentences and story snippets that incorporate It blends effectively:

- Scene setting: "The old lighthouse stood tall, its salt-stained walls a testament to years of stormy nights."
- Character action: "Liam tried to help, but the situation was too complex; he felt his hope melt away."
- Climactic moment: "With a sudden halt, the villagers paused as the storm intensified."
- Reflective ending: "Calm returned, and the salt air helped soothe their weary spirits."

## Best Practices for Writing a Short Story with It Blends

To maximize the effectiveness of It blends in your storytelling, consider these tips:

- Balance is Key: Use It blends sparingly to avoid overloading the text and losing their impact.
- Maintain Natural Flow: Ensure that the inclusion of blends doesn't disrupt the story's readability.
- Align with Tone: Choose words with It blends that match the mood—soothing words for calming scenes, sharp words for tension.
- Experiment with Sound: Read your story aloud to hear how the It blends contribute to rhythm and tone.
- Target Audience: For children's stories, focus on simple, repetitive It blend words to aid phonemic awareness.

## Conclusion: Elevating Short Stories with It Blends

Incorporating short stories with It blends is a creative linguistic strategy that enriches narrative texture, enhances rhythm, and deepens imagery. Whether you're crafting a poetic tale, a children's story, or a suspenseful narrative, paying attention to consonant clusters like It blends offers a subtle yet powerful tool to engage readers on multiple levels. Use this guide as a starting point to experiment with sound and language, and watch your storytelling craft reach new heights through

the playful and deliberate use of It blends.

Happy storytelling! Remember, language is your palette?use It blends to paint vivid, rhythmic, and memorable stories that resonate long after the last word.

**Question** What are It blends, and how are they used in short stories? It blends are consonant blends that include the 'l' and 't' sounds, such as 'bl,' 'cl,' 'fl,' 'gl,' 'pl,' and 'sl.' In short stories, they are used to enhance phonetic richness, improve reading fluency, and create engaging rhythm and flow in storytelling, especially for early readers. Can you give an example of a short story that incorporates words with It blends? Certainly! Here's a simple example: 'The cat sat on the flat mat. It saw a flicker of a flame and felt glad. Then, it ran to the shed to find a slat and a plait to play with.' This story uses multiple words with It blends to help children recognize and practice these sounds. Why are It blends important in developing early reading skills through short stories? It blends help children recognize common sound patterns, improve decoding skills, and build confidence in reading. Incorporating these blends into short stories makes learning engaging and helps young readers connect sounds to words more effectively. How can teachers or parents create short stories with It blends for young learners? They can start by selecting simple words with It blends and building short, meaningful narratives around them. Using repetition, rhyme, and familiar themes helps reinforce the sounds. Including visuals and interactive reading activities further enhances comprehension and enjoyment. Are there any specific themes or topics that work well when writing short stories with It blends? Yes, themes like animals, daily routines, nature, and playful adventures work well. These topics allow for the inclusion of many It blend words in a natural context, making the story both educational and engaging for young readers.

**Related keywords:** short story, It blends, literacy, storytelling, language arts, educational, reading comprehension, creative writing, beginner stories, phonics learning

## Oracle Fnd Documents Short Text

**oracle fnd documents short text** is a commonly searched term by Oracle E-Business Suite (EBS) users and administrators seeking concise information about FND (Foundation) documents within the Oracle environment. Understanding how to efficiently access, interpret, and manage these short texts is crucial for maintaining seamless application functionality, troubleshooting issues, and ensuring effective communication across modules. This article provides an in-depth exploration of Oracle FND documents short text, covering its purpose, structure, usage, and best practices for managing these essential components.

## Understanding Oracle FND Documents Short Text

## What Are FND Documents?

In Oracle E-Business Suite, FND (Foundation) documents are standardized pieces of data used across various modules to support configuration, messaging, and processing. These documents often contain essential information such as error messages, labels, descriptions, and short texts that facilitate user interaction and system operations.

## The Role of Short Texts in FND Documents

The short text within FND documents serves as a concise, easily understandable snippet of information that summarizes or labels a particular message or data element. This short text is typically used in user interfaces, notifications, and logs to quickly convey the essence of the message without overwhelming users with lengthy descriptions.

Key purposes of FND document short texts include:

- Providing quick, readable labels for form fields or options.
- Summarizing error or informational messages.
- Facilitating localization by enabling easy translation of concise texts.
- Enhancing user experience by reducing clutter and improving clarity.

## Structure and Components of FND Documents Short Texts

### Basic Structure of FND Documents

FND documents are stored within Oracle EBS's database tables, primarily in the `FND\_DOCUMENTS` and `FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL` tables. These tables contain core information and translations, respectively.

Key tables involved:

- `FND\_DOCUMENTS`: Stores document identifiers, types, and core attributes.
- `FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL`: Stores translated or localized text for different languages.

### Components of Short Texts

A typical FND document short text consists of:

- Document Name/ID: Unique identifier for the document.
- Language Code: Specifies the language for the short text.
- Short Text Content: The concise message or label.
- Description: Additional details, often optional.
- Effective Dates: Validity period of the short text.

Example:

| Column Name | Description |

|-----|-----|

| DOCUMENT\_NAME | Unique identifier like 'ERR\_INV001' |

| LANGUAGE\_CODE | 'US' for English (United States) |

| SHORT\_TEXT | 'Invalid input' |

| DESCRIPTION | 'Error message for invalid user input' |

| START\_DATE | Date from which the text is valid |

| END\_DATE | Date until the text is valid |

## Usage of FND Document Short Texts in Oracle EBS

### Application in User Interface

Short texts are used extensively in forms, menus, and notifications to:

- Display labels for fields.
- Show error messages or warnings.
- Present status updates or informational messages.

Example: When a user enters invalid data, the system may display a short text like "Input error" to communicate the issue promptly.

### Application in Messaging and Logging

Short texts facilitate quick identification of messages in system logs, aiding in troubleshooting and

auditing.

## Localization and Multilingual Support

Because short texts are stored with language codes, they support localization efforts, enabling the interface and messages to adapt to users' language preferences.

## Managing FND Documents Short Texts

### Creating and Updating Short Texts

To create or modify short texts, administrators typically:

- Use Oracle Applications Developer or similar tools.
- Access the `FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL` table directly via SQL for advanced management.
- Use the Oracle EBS System Administrator responsibilities to manage translations and texts.

Steps to create a new short text:

- Define a unique document name or ID.
- Specify the language code.
- Enter the concise message in the `SHORT\_TEXT` field.
- Set the effective date range.
- Save the record to make it available system-wide.

## Best Practices for Managing Short Texts

- Consistency: Use standardized language and terminology across all texts.
- Clarity: Keep messages brief but informative.
- Localization: Ensure translations are accurate and contextually appropriate.
- Version Control: Track changes and maintain historical records for audit purposes.
- Validation: Regularly review short texts for relevance and correctness.

## Common Tools and Techniques

- Application Developer: For creating and editing documents within the Oracle EBS interface.
- SQL Scripts: For bulk updates or extraction of short texts.

- FNDLOAD Utility: A command-line tool for exporting/importing document definitions, including short texts.
- Workflow and Notifications: Incorporate short texts into workflows for automated messaging.

## Best Practices and Troubleshooting

### Ensuring Data Integrity

- Regularly validate the consistency of short texts across different languages.
- Maintain proper date ranges to avoid displaying outdated messages.

### Handling Missing or Incorrect Short Texts

- Verify if the document exists in `FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL`.
- Check effective dates and language codes.
- Use SQL queries to identify missing translations, e.g.:

```
```sql
```

```
SELECT FROM FND_DOCUMENTS_TL
```

```
WHERE DOCUMENT_NAME = 'ERR_INV001'
```

```
AND LANGUAGE_CODE = 'US';
```

```
```
```

- Update or add missing entries as needed.

### Performance Optimization

- Index the `FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL` table on document name and language code.
- Clean up obsolete or unused texts periodically.

## Conclusion

Oracle FND documents short text is a vital element in the Oracle E-Business Suite ecosystem,

contributing significantly to user interface clarity, system messaging, and localization efforts. Proper management of these short texts ensures a more efficient and user-friendly environment, reduces errors, and enhances overall system performance. Whether you're a system administrator, developer, or functional consultant, understanding the structure, usage, and management of FND document short texts is essential for maintaining a robust Oracle EBS deployment.

#### Key Takeaways:

- Short texts are concise messages stored within FND documents.
- They support localization, usability, and troubleshooting.
- Proper management involves creation, updates, validation, and periodic review.
- Tools like FNDLOAD and SQL scripts facilitate efficient handling.
- Best practices ensure consistency, clarity, and system integrity.

By mastering the concepts and techniques outlined in this article, Oracle EBS users and administrators can optimize the use and management of FND document short texts, leading to improved system performance and user satisfaction.

#### Oracle FND Documents Short Text: An In-Depth Review and Guide

Oracle E-Business Suite's Foundation (FND) module plays a pivotal role in managing core system functionalities, including security, user management, and configuration. Among its myriad features, the handling and management of FND documents short text is a critical aspect that often puzzles users and administrators alike. This comprehensive review aims to demystify what FND documents short text entails, its significance, management practices, common issues, and best practices to optimize its use within Oracle EBS.

## Understanding Oracle FND Documents Short Text

### What is FND Documents Short Text?

FND Documents Short Text is a concise, descriptive field used within Oracle E-Business Suite to provide brief, meaningful summaries or titles for various documents, records, or transactions stored within the FND schema. It acts as a quick reference or identifier, allowing users to easily recognize and differentiate documents without delving into detailed content.

Typically, this short text:

- Serves as a summary or caption for a document, record, or transaction.

- Is stored in the FND\_DOCUMENTS table, primarily in the SHORT\_TEXT column.
- Is used across multiple modules, especially in areas like approvals, notifications, and document management.

This field is designed to enhance usability by providing a human-readable, easily scannable label, which is essential in environments handling thousands of documents and records.

## The Role and Significance of Short Text in Oracle FND

### Why is Short Text Important?

The short text attribute plays several vital roles within the Oracle EBS environment:

- Quick Identification: It allows users to quickly identify the purpose or nature of a document without opening detailed records.
- Improved User Experience: Simplifies navigation and search processes, especially in approval workflows or when retrieving documents.
- Reporting & Auditing: Facilitates reporting by providing meaningful labels that can be used in queries, logs, and audit trails.
- Consistency & Standardization: Ensures that documents are labeled uniformly, aiding in compliance and process standardization.

### Typical Use Cases

- Document Management: Short text labels for uploaded or generated documents such as invoices, receipts, or correspondence.
- Workflow Approvals: Brief descriptions of approval requests or notifications.
- Error & Exception Tracking: Short descriptions of issues or alerts generated within the system.
- Custom Records: User-defined documents or records created via custom modules or extensions.

## Managing FND Documents Short Text

### Creating and Updating Short Text

Managing the short text effectively involves understanding where and how to set or modify this attribute:

- During Document Creation: When new documents are uploaded or generated via forms, APIs, or custom code, the short text is usually provided as part of the creation process.
- Via API Calls: Developers can set or update the short text using specific APIs like `FND_DOCUMENTS_PUB.Create_Document``.
- Manual Updates: Administrators or power users can update the short text directly through SQL scripts or through custom interfaces, with caution.

## Best Practices for Managing Short Text

- Use Clear and Concise Descriptions: The short text should be meaningful yet brief, ideally not exceeding 50 characters.
- Maintain Consistency: Follow naming conventions or labeling standards across the organization.
- Update Regularly: When document content or context changes, update the short text to reflect the current status or description.
- Automate When Possible: Use APIs or scripts to populate short text fields during batch processing or integrations, reducing manual errors.

## Common Methods to Handle Short Text

- Using SQL: Direct updates via SQL scripts (not recommended unless necessary and with proper backups).
- Using API: Preferred method for creating or updating documents programmatically.
- Using Forms: Oracle EBS forms or custom interfaces designed for document management.

## Technical Aspects and Table Structures

### FND\_DOCUMENTS Table Overview

The core table where document-related data, including short text, is stored is FND\_DOCUMENTS. Key columns include:

- DOCUMENT\_ID: Unique identifier for each document.
- SHORT\_TEXT: The brief description or title of the document.
- FILE\_NAME: Name of the uploaded or stored file.
- DOCUMENT\_TYPE: Type/category of the document.
- CREATION\_DATE: When the document was created.
- LAST\_UPDATE\_DATE: Last modification timestamp.

## Data Integrity and Constraints

- The SHORT\_TEXT is typically constrained to a specific length (often 50 characters), ensuring standardization.
- Proper indexing on DOCUMENT\_ID facilitates quick retrieval.
- Referential integrity is maintained via foreign keys to other tables like FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL for multilingual support.

## Challenges and Common Issues with FND Documents Short Text

### 1. Inconsistent or Vague Short Texts

- Caused by manual entry errors or lack of standards.
- Leads to difficulty in document identification and retrieval.

### 2. Length Limitations

- The character limit may restrict descriptive detail.
- Users may resort to abbreviations that can be ambiguous.

### 3. Multilingual Support Concerns

- When supporting multiple languages, short text must be maintained across translations.
- FND's multilingual tables (e.g., FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL) are used, which require careful synchronization.

### 4. Performance Impact

- Excessively long or numerous short texts can affect query performance, especially in large environments.

### 5. Synchronization and Data Consistency

- Ensuring that short text updates are reflected across all relevant modules and reports.

# Best Practices for Optimizing FND Documents Short Text

## 1. Standardization

- Develop organizational standards for naming conventions.
- Use templates or predefined phrases to ensure uniformity.

## 2. Validation

- Implement validation routines to prevent overly long or vague descriptions.
- Use check constraints or application-level validations.

## 3. Automation

- Leverage APIs for consistent and error-free updates.
- Automate batch updates for large document sets.

## 4. Multilingual Management

- Maintain translations in FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL.
- Use consistent terminology across languages.

## 5. Regular Audits

- Periodically review documents' short texts for accuracy and relevance.
- Remove or archive outdated descriptions.

# Integrating Short Text with Other Oracle EBS Components

## Workflow and Approvals

- Short text is often displayed in approval notifications, dashboards, and worklists.
- Proper labeling improves decision-making efficiency.

## Reporting and Analytics

- Short text fields are included in reports for summaries and summaries.
- They enable quick filtering and categorization.

## Custom Development

- Developers should ensure that custom modules or integrations correctly handle the SHORT\_TEXT attribute.
- When creating custom documents or records, always populate the short text for clarity.

## Conclusion and Final Thoughts

The FND documents short text field, though seemingly simple, is a fundamental component of Oracle E-Business Suite's document management and communication ecosystem. Its proper management ensures that users can efficiently identify, search, and utilize documents, ultimately contributing to smoother workflows, better compliance, and more effective data management.

To leverage its full potential:

- Emphasize standardization and clarity.
- Use robust APIs and automation tools.
- Maintain multilingual consistency.
- Regularly audit and update descriptions.

By doing so, organizations can significantly enhance their operational efficiency and data clarity within Oracle EBS, avoiding common pitfalls and maximizing the value derived from their document management practices.

In essence, mastering the management of FND documents short text is crucial for administrators, developers, and end-users aiming for a streamlined, consistent, and effective Oracle E-Business Suite environment.

**QuestionAnswer** What are Oracle FND documents short text used for? Oracle FND documents short text are used to provide concise descriptions or summaries of various components, such as profiles, messages, or setup instructions within the Oracle E-Business Suite, facilitating quick understanding and reference. How can I modify the short text for an Oracle FND document? You can modify the short text by accessing the relevant form or table within Oracle Applications, such as the System Profiles or Messages window, and updating the description or text fields accordingly. Where are Oracle FND documents short texts stored? Short texts for Oracle FND documents are stored within the database tables associated with the specific modules, such as FND\_DEFINITION

or FND\_MESSAGES, allowing for easy retrieval and management. Can I customize the short text in Oracle FND documents for different environments? Yes, customization is possible by updating the short texts in the database or through the Application Developer tools, enabling environment-specific descriptions or instructions as needed. Are there best practices for managing Oracle FND document short texts? Best practices include maintaining consistency in terminology, documenting changes properly, and ensuring that short texts are clear, concise, and accurately reflect the purpose of the documents to improve user understanding.

**Related keywords:** oracle fnd documents, oracle fnd guide, oracle fnd user manual, oracle fnd documentation, oracle fnd help, oracle fnd reference, oracle fnd tutorials, oracle fnd setup, oracle fnd administration, oracle fnd support

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